

Dandierine

GROWS HAIR
and we can
PROVE IT!

A lady from Minnesota writes:
"As a result of using Dandierine, my hair
is close to five feet in length."

Beautiful Hair at Small Cost

HAIR troubles, like many other diseases, have been wrongly diagnosed and altogether misunderstood. The hair itself is not the thing to be treated, for the reason that it is simply a product of the scalp and wholly dependent upon its action. The scalp is the very soil in which the hair is produced, nurtured and grown, and it alone should receive the attention if results are to be expected. It would do no earthly good to treat the stem of a plant with a view of making it grow and become more beautiful—the soil in which the plant grows must be attended to. Therefore, the scalp in which the hair grows must receive the attention if you are to expect it to grow and become more beautiful.

Loss of hair is caused by the scalp drying up, or losing its supply of moisture or nutriment, when baldness occurs the scalp has simply lost all its nourishment, leaving nothing for the hair to feed upon (a plant or even a tree would die under similar conditions).

The natural thing to do in either case, is to feed and replenish the soil or scalp as the case may be, and your crop will grow and multiply as nature intended it should.

Knowlton's Dandierine has a most wonderful effect upon the hair glands and tissues of the scalp. It is the only remedy for the hair ever discovered that is similar to the natural hair foods or liquids of the scalp.

It penetrates the pores quickly and the hair soon shows the effects of its wonderfully exhilarating and life-producing qualities.

One 25-cent bottle is enough to convince you of its great worth as a hair growing and hair beautifying remedy—try it and see for yourself.

NOW at all druggists in three sizes, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle.

FREE To show how quickly Dandierine acts, we will send a large sample free by return mail to anyone who sends this free coupon to the KNOWLTON DANDIERINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL., with their name and address and 10c in silver or stamps to pay postage.



FIRE SCARE ON EXCURSIONIST

Steamer Grand Republic on Fire, Lands Passengers

NO ONE WAS INJURED

Steamer Was Returning from Her Mid-day Trip from Rockaway Beach. Makes Hurried Landing at Athletic Club Pier.

New York, July 7.—The old wooden three-masted Grand Republic, a sister ship of the ill-fated excursion steamer General Slocum, caught fire yesterday while passing through the narrows on her way to New York from Far Rockaway, and hurried full steam ahead, with her whistle blowing short nervous blasts and smoke trailing behind her, for the Crescent Athletic club pier on the Brooklyn shore. Her 45 passengers were all safely landed and the fire was extinguished with \$2,500 damage, but there was great alarm in the city and in the harbor until the full details were known.

Everybody remembered how a little more than six years ago the Slocum caught fire in the East river, when crowded with 1,500 passengers seeking pleasure—mostly women and children—and was burned to the water's edge with 338 drowned, crushed and baked alive.

Yesterday, as then, the fire started, nobody knows how, in the ship's galley and spread quickly through the wooden superstructure. But this time there was no panic. The women were badly frightened, but the crew had no trouble in keeping them in hand, and the children were so pleased with the music of the band, which kept playing bravely during

the dash for the shore, that they never knew the danger.

The calls for aid from the Republic's whistle brought fire boats, neighboring steamers and a Brooklyn fire engine to the pier, the passengers were quickly put ashore and the fire was extinguished.

The Grand Republic is owned by the New Jersey Navigation company, which is operated by the Iron Steamship company.

FOUR MEN RESCUED.

Survivors of Schooner Garfield White Picked Up at Sea.

New York, July 7.—Four men in a boat, survivors of the wreck of the two-masted schooner Garfield White, which sank seven miles east of the Ambrose channel lighthouse, were rescued yesterday by the men of the Rockaway beach life saving station. The four men, who had drifted about all night in their small craft, were so exhausted that they had to be carried up the beach, but were soon put in shape by physicians.

Captain G. G. Morrison of the schooner said that his vessel sprang a leak Sunday shortly after sailing Tuesday from Port Amboy for New Rochelle with 173 tons of coal. The pumps failed to keep up with the inflow and the vessel began to settle. The two sailors and the cabin boy, comprising the entire crew, put off in the ship's boat and stood by.

Captain Morrison stuck to his craft to the last. When the schooner's stern plunged downward the captain jumped overboard and the boat picked him up. The little craft had a hard time of it in the heavy sea trying to maintain a course for Rockaway beach, off which the life savers finally picked up the quartette yesterday morning.

The Garfield White sailed from Port Amboy, N. J.

FORTY-NINE CENTS POORER.

Money Per Capita in Circulation Is Only \$34.52.

Washington, July 7.—A decrease in circulation per capita, of 49 cents on July 1, as compared with a year ago, is shown by the latest treasury statement on that subject. On July 1, 1909, the amount which each man, woman and child in the United States would have had were all the money equally divided was \$36.01; last Friday it was \$34.52. The amount of money in circulation on the first instant was greater than a year ago, but the population increased in greater proportion than did the money.

HUGHES STILL HEADS LIST

Most Likely to be New Chief Justice

NO EARLY APPOINTMENT

Before Meeting of Congress—Delays a Short Time the Important Cases. Several Senators Inclined to Favor Sec. Knox.

Beverly, July 7.—There are no developments in Beverly concerning the supreme court vacancies. Callers at the summer White House found nothing in the president's attitude to change the statements that Governor Hughes of New York is just now filling Mr. Taft's eye to the exclusion of everybody else.

The understanding also continues that the president will do nothing toward designating the successor to Chief Justice Fuller until late in the fall. A proposition to call the Senate in extraordinary session to confirm appointees to the supreme court bench in advance of the regular session of Congress has been suggested but met with no encouragement.

The big trust cases affecting the Standard Oil company and American Tobacco companies are set for reargument in November. The regular session of Congress begins December 5; to put the cases over until that time would mean a delay of only a few weeks—not a sufficient disadvantage, it is said here, to warrant the heavy expense of an extraordinary session. At the beginning of each new presidential term, the Senate is convened in special session to confirm appointments to the cabinet. In such cases, however, the senators already are in Washington and the expense of the extra sitting is nominal. To call an extra session in October as is suggested in some quarters would entail double traveling expenses and a host of other charges.

The five months allowed Associate Justice Moody in which to decide as to his retirement from the bench will not expire until the middle of November. There is the possibility that Mr. Moody may take advantage of the full period designated in the enabling act passed in his behalf. This is regarded as another argument against the proposed extra session. President Taft, in common with the remaining justices of the supreme court, is anxious that the three important cases scheduled for reargument this fall—the Standard Oil, tobacco and corporation tax—shall be heard by a full bench. Consequently, it is not regarded as likely that he will select any man against whom a question might arise as to previous participation in these cases. Mr. Taft will take a full measure of time to consider the situation from every point of view before making up his mind as to new members of the court.

A new personality entered into the discussion of the probable successor to Chief Justice Fuller when it became known that several Republican senators will suggest Secretary of State Philander C. Knox. They are convinced that the place of the presiding justice would be a fitting reward for the long and distinguished public career of Mr. Knox. An interesting point in connection with the possible presentation of Mr. Knox's name to the president is that the secretary has already declined once the office of an associate justiceship of the supreme court. This was offered to him by President Roosevelt. It is not understood that Mr. Knox's name has been presented to the president yet, but the secretary's friends in the Senate feel that the president's strong personal friendship for the head of the department of state, as well as his frequently expressed approval of him as a strong officer of his government, will have much weight when it comes to making an appointment. The predominating opinion here is undoubtedly in favor of raising Governor Hughes' appointment from associate to chief justice and talk of Mr. Knox's chances began too late to figure much in the day's discussion.

PRESIDENT'S REST

To Be Unbroken for Nine Days—On the Links Yesterday.

Beverly, Mass., July 7.—"Positively no admittance except on business; inquire at the office," was written on all the approaches to the Evans cottage at Burges Point yesterday. President Taft intends to rest from now until July 15, and if officers here can prevent it he will see no one below the rank of cabinet officer unless some friend or statesman with a previously made engagement happens through.

"The 'no admittance' sign has not been hung out literally; but figuratively it is there, and according to those at the executive offices it means just what it says. Although Mr. Taft already shows the effect of his stay on the north shore, he is not quite 'up to form yet.' Therefore he is to have nine days more of golfing, yachting and all the others in the list of sports advertised for any well-regulated summer resort.

The president began the period of recuperation and rest yesterday morning by playing golf at the Myopia Hunt club with John Hays Hammond, who is not included in the rule. Yesterday afternoon he looked over the correspondence which could not be answered by a secretary, but for the most part enjoyed the leisure of a perfect summer day.

One May Overcome

constipation permanently by proper personal cooperation with the beneficial effects of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, when required. The forming of regular habits is most important and while endeavoring to form them the assistance of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is most valuable, as it is the only laxative which acts without disturbing the natural functions and without debilitating and it is the one laxative which leaves the internal organs in a naturally healthy condition, thereby really aiding one in that way. To get its beneficial effects, buy the genuine manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and for sale by all leading druggists. Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is never classed by the well-informed with medicines which make extravagant and unfounded claims to cure habitual constipation without personal cooperation.

SAYS HE FOUND COOK'S RECORDS ON MT. M'KINLEY

Sailor Ashore After Long Voyage Tells of a Tube He Discovered After Making an Ascent of the Mountain.

Colorado Springs, July 7.—Willing to make an affidavit that he ascended Mt. McKinley in August, 1907, and found the tube said to have been left there by Dr. Frederick A. Cook, P. C. Carrigan, an able seaman, came here from Galveston to find James Casey, who at one time lived here, and who, Carrigan says, can substantiate his story.

Carrigan, just landed from a 34 months' voyage, had heard nothing of the Mt. McKinley controversy until he landed at Galveston. He tells the following story, which J. H. Bradley, Dr. Cook's one time backer, who is here, says is extremely plausible.

"I was prospecting along the Shashitna country," says Carrigan. "I went up the Chullima and then another river to the base of Mt. McKinley. Then I climbed most of my staff and ascended the mountain. I found traces of another party, but did not believe it could be Dr. Cook's as he told me he would try the mountain from the northwest. "When I got to the bare hump of the mountain I found a tube under a jutting rock. In the tube were a piece of an American flag and papers containing astronomical observations. I told Casey when I came out, but he said I was a liar, and showed me a paper in which was an account of Cook's successful attempt in which nothing was said of tube or record. I shut up, for I thought maybe I had been deaf and had imagined the papers and tube. I can get the papers in three months."

MAY BE MURDER.

James ("Buck") Lamb's Neck Found to Be Broken.

Rutland, July 7.—That James Lamb, known in this vicinity as "Buck" was murdered some time between Saturday night at 10 o'clock and Sunday morning at 7 o'clock, when his body was found near the railroad tracks just north of the Wallingford railroad station, is the belief of some of the officials, who have been working on the case for the past three days.

The autopsy performed by Drs. B. H. Stone and C. F. Dalton of the state laboratory goes to show that foul play may have figured in the death of the old man.

Several warrants were issued Tuesday by State's Attorney Joseph C. Jones, who with Deputy Sheriff A. A. Leonard, has been investigating the case.

Mr. Lamb's body was found under a culvert about five rods north of the station at Wallingford, Sunday morning about 7 o'clock. It was known that he had been with a crowd the night before and in the bunch there were three quarts of alcohol. It is suspected that the men got into some sort of an argument and in the mixing up, Lamb met his death. There were two colored men in the party, Clarence Jackson and Walter Kelley. Kelley is at the house of correction serving a sentence for handling liquor.

The result of the autopsy was carefully guarded and the officials went so far as to state that it was probable that Lamb died of acute alcoholism and that there were no bruises on the body and no foul play suspected. As a matter of fact it is understood, on good authority, that the physicians performing the autopsy found the neck broken off from the spinal column, and there were also suspicious bruises on the man's chest, with other marks on his body.

The officials at first thought he might have been struck by a passing train, but this theory has been exploded by the position in which the body lay. It was under the culvert and it lay just as if it had been placed there.

State's Attorney J. C. Jones, who has been in Wallingford since the finding of the body, would say nothing. "We are busy working on the case, myself and the sheriff's department, and we won't even be able to attend the county convention this afternoon. The case is serious enough to demand all my attention and that is all I can say."

CHAFING

All Skin Irritation and Odors caused by Perspiration or Heat are speedily removed by

E. S. SYKES Comfort
ANTISEPTIC POWDER

A skillfully medicated Toilet Powder which is no more like ordinary Talcum Powder than cream is like skimmed milk being perfectly harmless to the most delicate skin and possessing unequalled healing and soothing power.

Look for the name E. S. SYKES on every box. None genuine without it.

"ROOSEVELT LED ASTRAY"

This the Idea of Secretary Ballinger

LEADER OF NO FACTION

Says Pointdexter Is Not a Republican, but a Socialist—Ex-Senator Wilson Gives a Similar Opinion.

Washington, July 7.—Secretary Ballinger of the interior department returned to Washington from Beverly yesterday. Referring to the report from Oyster Bay that former President Roosevelt had espoused the cause of Representative Miles Pointdexter as a candidate for the Senate, to succeed Senator Piles of Washington, the secretary said: "If the published report is true, Mr. Roosevelt has been badly led astray by the deception of the people who claim to be his friends."

He added that he had taken no active part in the politics of Washington for a long while and denied that he headed the party in that state or any wing of it.

"I do not consider Mr. Pointdexter a Republican," he continued, "but a rank Socialist; or, rather, if he is not one, he will be one soon."

The secretary declined to discuss the reorganization of the reclamation service in so far as it related to director Frederick H. Newell, whose fate has long been a matter of conjecture, except to say that he considered Mr. Newell's relation to the service as a serious misfortune.

Mr. Ballinger expects to leave Washington within a few days for a western trip, during which he will visit several Indian reservations and probably some of the reclamation projects.

In the meantime, he will pass much of his time here in putting into effect the reorganization plan of the reclamation service, agreed upon at his conference with the president.

ROOSEVELT MISINFORMED.

He Does Not Understand Washington State Conditions.

Centralia, Wash., July 7.—Former United States Senator John L. Wilson, who is a candidate for the United States senatorship from Washington, referring to the announcement by Colonel Roosevelt at Oyster Bay Tuesday night that he would support Miles Pointdexter, the insurgent congressman from Washington, for United States senator, said: "There is so much error of fact contained in the dispatch from Oyster Bay concerning the Roosevelt-Pointdexter interview that it is hard for me to form a statement."

"Colonel Roosevelt appears either to have been misled or is not familiar with political conditions in this state."

"In the first place, Senator Piles is not a candidate to succeed himself. "In the second place, Judge Ballinger is not taking any part in the senatorial contest whatever. Ballinger is not the head of the Republican party in this state nor the head of any wing of any party."

"Of the six candidates for United States senator, Judge Thomas Burke, Judge John F. Humphreys, J. M. Ashton and myself are personal friends of Judge Ballinger; but Mr. Ballinger is not politically friendly to any one of us over any other one of us."

DECLINES TO COMMENT.

Cannon Won't Talk Until He Knows More About It.

Washington, July 7.—"Who gave out that news? Pointdexter?" That is what Joseph G. Cannon, the speaker of the House of Representatives, asked a newspaper interviewer Tuesday night upon his return to Washington. Informed that the intimation that Representative Pointdexter of Washington would have the sympathy of the former president in his candidacy for senator from that state, had come from both Mr. Pointdexter and Colonel Roosevelt, Mr. Cannon declined to comment further upon the situation "until he knew more about it."

WOMEN CREATE STIR.

They Enliven Lyman School Hearing to Considerable Degree.

Boston, July 7.—The closing session of the legislative investigation of the Lyman school for boys, where it is charged that pupils were abused, was enlivened yesterday by three women who declared that the committee was not conducting the hearing fairly, while one of them presented a petition for the removal of school trustees.

Mrs. Frank W. Page, who has been in constant attendance since the investigation started, wanted to ask questions of several of the witnesses, but was prevented by the committee.

Mrs. Anna Steinhilber, another close follower of the testimony and one who has made frequent outbursts, presented the petition for the removal of the trustees, on the ground of gross negligence.

Mrs. Carrie Barr pleaded for a fair report.

The committee listened to the suggestions of the women without comment.

It is expected that a report of the findings of the committee will be drawn up in a few days.

You'll never know how good Lenox Soap is

unless you try it.

And you'll never get out of it all the good there is in it, unless you use it as it should be used.

The right way to use Lenox Soap, for washing clothes, is in the form of a solution. Lenox Soap Solution does better work than soap; and is more economical.

TO MAKE LENOX SOAP SOLUTION:—Take a cake of Lenox Soap, shave it into small pieces, and dissolve in three quarts of boiling water. Keep water at boiling point until a solution is formed.

Wet the clothes, rub the solution on the soiled parts, fold and roll each piece separately, pack in a tub, cover with warm soapy water and let stand over night. Next morning, you will find that the really hard part of washing—rubbing the clothes up and down the wash-board—is not half as hard as usual.



LENEX SOAP—"Just fits the hand"

Plan to Have in 1914 a Celebration

LED BY MR. CARNEGIE

Committee to Make Preparations—Taft to Be Asked to Be Honorary President—Feature May Be Erection of Monument.

New York, July 7.—The movement for a world-wide celebration in 1914 of the one hundredth anniversary of peace among English-speaking peoples took form here yesterday, with the announcement of a committee selected to organize the work of preparation. The committee is headed by Andrew Carnegie as chairman, and announcement of the present status of the movement was made yesterday by Chairman John A. Stewart of the executive committee of one hundred.

The treaty of Ghent was signed on December 24, 1814, and it is proposed to commemorate this event through an invitation issued jointly by the citizens of the United States and Great Britain to the world at large to take part during 1914 in a common celebration, the exact form of which has been only tentatively discussed. One suggestion contemplates a program including a day of ceremony in London and Washington and the possible erection in New York of a great memorial building, which shall be the place of holding during 1914 of international conferences and congresses for consideration of important subjects relating to the world's peace, with suitable exhibits by the various nations. Nothing in the way of a world's fair is contemplated, however, the committee's representatives state.

It is stated in the committee's behalf that the movement has been discussed with President Taft, who has expressed a sympathetic interest in the committee's work, and that a delegation from the committee has arranged to visit Beverly for the purpose of conferring with the president and formally tendering him the position of honorary president. Vice President Sherman will be asked to accept the position of honorary vice president. A committee is also arranging to go abroad and discuss the plan with leading English citizens. It is proposed to hold conferences of the executive committee during the summer

prior to the first formal meeting of the general committee to be held in the fall. It has been suggested that a part of the celebration program will be the erection of a suitable monument, such as a memorial bridge upon the Niagara border.

A STOCK MARKET SLUMP.
Low Prices for the Year Recorded in Some Stocks.
New York, July 7.—There was a crisis in prices of stocks with the opening of the stock market again yesterday. The paralysis of demand and the free offerings were similar to Tuesday's and produced like results in the rapid crumbling of prices.

The tone of the comment reported from interior bankers and the situation presented by the speculation in farm lands, were not liked. The slump made low prices for the year in a few prominent stocks, including Union Pacific, Reading and United States Steel. Prices rebounded in the course of the first half hour. This was after Reading, Union Pacific and some others had shown losses of 2 1/2 to 3 points and the general active list 1 to 2 points.

Before the day's session of the stock exchange had half expired, the market turned very strong and prices recovered to above Tuesday night's level. The transcontinental railroad stocks and Reading led the rally. The weakness of wheat and corn, in connection with reports of favorable weather for those crops, had a strengthening effect on stocks.

A NEW SENSATION.

Jury Bribing Now Charged in Lee O'Neil Browne Case.

Chicago, July 7.—A fresh sensation in connection with the legislative bribery scandal arose yesterday, when State Attorney Wayman announced that an indictment had been voted charging John A. Malloy, a procer, with attempting to corrupt Oscar T. Moorford, a juror in the recent trial of Lee O'Neil Browne, which resulted in a disagreement.

By agreement of counsel yesterday the retail of Browne was set for July 20.

THEY ARE SLOW.

Banks In No Hastle to Become Depositories of Postal Funds.

Washington, July 7.—Since the passage of the new postal savings bank law, bankers and postmasters throughout the country have been slow to demonstrate interest in it. So far only 50 banks have made application for designation as depositories of postal funds and only 60 postmasters have asked that they be authorized to accept postal savings.

The indications are that the board of trustees, consisting of the postmaster general, the attorney general and the secretary of the treasury, will be unable for many months to come to designate the postoffices that are to receive postal savings.

It is known to be the purpose of the trustees to limit designations at the beginning of offices of the first class, such as New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Indianapolis and a few other cities in the inter-mountain region and on the Pacific coast.

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN

Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should write to Dr. Pierce and receive free the advice of a physician of over 40 years' experience—a skilled and successful specialist in the diseases of women. Every letter of this sort has the most careful consideration and is regarded as sacredly confidential. Many sensitively modest women write fully to Dr. Pierce what they would shrink from telling to their local physician. The local physician is pretty sure to say that he cannot do anything without "an examination." Dr. Pierce holds that these distasteful examinations are generally needless, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's treatment will cure you right in the privacy of your own home. His "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands, some of them the worst of cases.

It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. The only one good enough that its makers dare to print its every ingredient on its outside wrapper. There's no secrecy. It will bear examination by medicine dealers who offer you a substitute. Don't take it. Don't trust your health. Write to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.,—take the advice received and be well.

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